ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL DISTRESS DETERMINANTS AND THE ROLE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR RISK MITIGATION ON LISTED INDONESIAN MANUFACTURING COMPANIES: COVID -19 PANDEMIC

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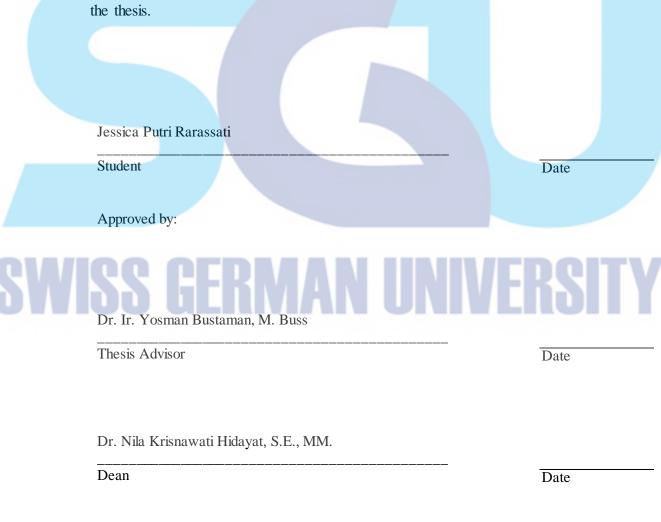
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STATEMENT BY THE AUTHOR

I hereby declare that this submission is my own work and to the best of my knowledge, it contains no material previously published or written by another person, nor material which to a substantial extent has been accepted for the award of any other degree or diploma at any educational institution, except where due acknowledgement is made in the thesis.



ABSTRACT

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL DISTRESS DETERMINANTS AND THE ROLE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR RISK MITIGATION ON LISTED INDONESIAN MANUFACTURING COMPANIES: COVID-19 PANDEMIC

By

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Corona Virus (COVID-19) pandemic has prompted a tremendous financial loss for a large number of organizations and business over the globe. Indonesia is also reported to have impacted by COVID-19 as there were declining on GDP for two consecutive quartal, in which COVID-19 pandemic existed, which may lead to Bankruptcy. Therefore, early prediction of bankruptcy is needed to prevent companies' failure, and predictive tool of financial distress is needed for companies. Financial distress is a phrase used in corporate finance to indicate a situation where trouble breaks or breaches commitments to a company's stakeholders. If financial distress cannot be relieved, bankruptcy may result. Altman Z-Score is one of financial distress prediction tools, that was found by Edward Altman (1986) and has been widely used to identify financial distressed companies in many industries across countries. Financial distress in this study was carried out at listed manufacturing companies, as the economic backbone of Indonesia. The purpose of this research is to look after the impact of COVID-19 on financial distress, and to determine the financial ratio and corporate governance estimator of financial distress using panel data regression analysis method. It is found that, COVID-19 pandemic statistically impacted financial distress of manufacturing companies in Indonesia and Return on Equity (ROE), firm size, institutional ownership is negatively affected financial distress of manufacturing companies while Debt to Asset (DAR) and independent commissionaire negatively affected financial distress of manufacturing companies in Indonesia. The measurement will also be aggregated into its sub-sector which consist of consumer goods industry, miscellaneous industry and basic and chemical industry.

Keywords: Financial Distress, Corporate Governance, COVID-19, Manufacturing Industries, Financial ratios.



DEDICATION

I dedicate this works for the future of the country I loved: Indonesia, Swiss German University and Indonesian education.



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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
STATEMENT BY THE AUTHOR	2
ABSTRACT	3
DEDICATION	5
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	6
TABLE OF CONTENTS	
LIST OF FIGURES	10
LIST OF TABLES	11
CHAPTER 1 - INTRODUCTION	12
1.1. Back ground	2
1.2. Research Problems	l
1.3. Research Objective	2
1.4. Significance of Study	3
1.5. Research Question 24	1
1.6. Thesis Structure	1
1.6. Thesis Structure241.7. Scope and Limitation25	5
CHAPTER 2 - LITERATURE REVIEW	5
2.1. COVID-19 Spreading	5
2.1.1. Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic on Global Economy	7
2.1.2. Impact of COVID-19 in Indonesia)
2.2. Bankruptcy 31	1
2.2.1. Bankruptcy Theory	l
2.3. Financial Distress	1
2.3.1. Altman Z-Score and the Evolution	7
2.3.1.1. Original Altman Model	3
2.3.1.2. Altman Model for Private Firm39)

		ĺ,
/	\Box	
	ĸ	
\		J
•		۴

	2.3.1.3. Altman Model for non – Manufactures and	emerging
	Market	40
2.4.	Determinants of Financial Distress	42
	2.4.1. Financial Ratio and Financial Distress	42
	2.4.2. Corporate Governance Practices and Financial Distress	47
2.5.	Study Differences and Similarities	51
2.6.	Hypothesis Development	53
	2.6.1. Financial Ratio and Bankruptcy Risk	53
	2.6.2. Corporate Governance and Financial Distress	56
2.7.	Framework Construction	60
CHA	APTER 3 – RESEARCH METHODS	61
3.1.	Type of Study This	61
3.2.	Scope of Study	
3.3.	Sampling Design	62
	3.3.1. Population & Sample Target	62
	3.3.2. Sampling Method	62
3.4.	Location and Time Frame of Study	62
3.5.	Data Sources and Collection	63
	3.5.1. Type of Data	
122	3.5.2. Data Collection Method	
3.6.	Research Model & Research Framework	63
3.7.	Operationalization Variables	67
	3.7.1. Variable Operationalization	67
3.8.	Method of Analysis	68
	3.8.1. Analysis Data	68
	3.8.2. Suitable Model Testing	71
	3.8.3. Classical Assumption Test	74
	3.8.3.1. Pearson Analysis	74
	3.8.3.2. Multicollinearity Test	74
	3.8.3.3. Goodness of Fit	75
3.9	Summary of Work flow	75

CHA	APTER 4 – RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS	76
4.1.	Data Processing	76
	4.1.1. Descriptive Statistic	77
	4.1.2. Analysis Trend of Z-SCORE Before and During COVID-	19
	Pandemic	78
4.2.	Testing Regression Model	79
4.3.	Multicollinearity Test	82
4.4.	Goodness of Statistic	83
4.5.	Regression Result	83
	4.5.1. Result Analysis	
	4.5.1.1. Financial Ratio and Financial Distress	87
	4.5.1.2. Non-Financial Ratio and Financial Distress	90
СНА	PTER 5 – CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTTION	96
5.1.	Conclusions	96
5.2.	Recommendations	98
REF	ERENCES	99
Appe	endix A - Company List1	09
	endix B - T Test1	
Appe	endix C - Panel Data Regression Analysis1	27
	endix D - Classical Assumption1	
	RICULUM VITAE1	

LIST OF FIGURES

Figures	Page
Figure 1.1	Corona Virus Impact on Global Stock Market
Figure 1.2	Downgraded Economic Forecast
Figure 1.3	Indonesia Capital Shares on GDP by sectors, 201917
Figure 2.1	Impact of COVID-19 on Industries Across the World28
Figure 2.2	Unemployment Rate due to COVID-19
Figure 3.1	Model (1) Equation All Manufacturing Companies' Financial Distress .64
Figure 3.2	Model (2) Equation Sub-Sector Basic and Chemical Industry
	Companies' Bankruptcy Risk
Figure 3.3	Model (3) Miscellaneous Industry Companies' Bankruptcy Risk66
Figure 3.4	Model (4) Chemical Industries Companies' Bankruptcy Risk67
Figure 3.5	Suitable Method Testing
Figure 4.1	Research Flow Process

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LIST OF TABLES

Table		Page
Table 2.1	Impact of COVID-19 losses in Indonesia per August 2020	30
Table 2.2	Scoring Original Altman Z-Score (1968)	39
Table 2.3	Scoring Modified Altman Z-Score (1983)	40
Table 2.4	Scoring of Altman Z-Score (1995)	41
Table 2.5	The use of different Altman Z-Score on Different Sectors	41
Table 2.6	Financial Ratio and Financial Distress	46
Table 2.7	Relationship of Corporate Governance Practices on Bankruptcy Risk	50
Table 2.8	Research Similarities and Differences	51
Table 3.1	Operationalization of Research Variables	68
Table 4.1	Descriptive Statistic of Manufacturing Companies Data	77
Table 4.2	Trend on Z-Score per Quartal	78
Table 4.3	Summary on Paired T-Test	79
Table 4.4	Model Estimation Testing Condition	80
Table 4.5	Summary of Model Testing	
Table 4.6	Correlation Result	82
Table 4.7	Summary on Multicollinearity Test	83
Table 4.8	Summary on Goodness of Statistic	83
Table 4.9	Regression Result of 4 Models	85