

**HONEYPOD FINGERPRINT IDENTIFICATION TO ENHANCE ITS  
DECEPTION TO ATTACKERS**

By  
Rasyid Naif Dahbul  
12112017

BACHELOR'S DEGREE  
in

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY  
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY



SWISS GERMAN UNIVERSITY  
EduTown BSDCity  
Tangerang 15339  
Indonesia

August 2016

**HONEYPOD FINGERPRINT IDENTIFICATION TO ENHANCE ITS  
DECEPTION TO ATTACKERS**

By  
Rasyid Naif Dahbul  
12112017

BACHELOR'S DEGREE  
in

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY  
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY



SWISS GERMAN UNIVERSITY  
EduTown BSDCity  
Tangerang 15339  
Indonesia

August 2016

**Revision after the Thesis Defense on 21 July 2016**

### STATEMENT BY THE AUTHOR

I hereby declare that this submission is my own work and to the best of my knowledge, it contains no material previously published or written by another person, nor material which to a substantial extent has been accepted for the award of any other degree or diploma at any educational institution, except where due acknowledgment is made in this thesis.

Rasyid Naif Dahbul

Student

Approved by:

Charles Lim, MSc., ECSA, ECSP, ECIH, CEH, CEI

Thesis Advisor

Date

**SWISS GERMAN UNIVERSITY**

James Purnama, M.Kom, M.Sc.

Thesis Co-Advisor

Date

Dr. Ir. Gembong Baskoro, M.Sc

Dean

Date

## ABSTRACT

### HONEYBOT FINGERPRINT IDENTIFICATION TO ENHANCE ITS DECEPTION TO ATTACKERS

By

Rasyid Naif Dahbul

Charles Lim, MSc., ECSA, ECSP, ECIH, CEH, CEI, Advisor

James Purnama, M.Kom, M.Sc., Co-Advisor

SWISS GERMAN UNIVERSITY

Honeypots are a great way to learn about unknown and new network-related attacks, it creates a decoy and record all activities that are happening on that system. Because honeypots are now popular and more deployed by network administrators, malicious attackers will try to find honeypot's weaknesses by searching its fingerprints. This research looks at the weakness of honeypots, which is fingerprints. The threat modeling methodology that are used helps the research by understanding the security model of the honeypot. Using threat modeling methodology, we are able to enhance the honeypots deception by configuring the honeypots itself. Review from security experts further validate the enhancements of the honeypots by providing instructive feedback for this research.

*Keywords:* Honeypot, Security, Fingerprint, Deception, Detection, Network



## DEDICATION

I dedicate this thesis to my parents, whom always love me and took care of me unconditionally. I also dedicate this thesis to my brothers and sister, who have provided the help I need.



## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to express my most profound appreciation to Mr. Charles Lim and Mr. James Purnama for the time, support, counsel, and direction given all through this research and the culmination of this thesis report. It is a direct result of their inestimable commitments that this research report and the entire task can be completed. Without them, this research may not be finished at all. And I would like to thank the experts, Mr. Lucas and Mr. Tan Kean Siong for their expert review and suggestions, it helped this research exceptionally.

I would like to thank all of my friends for their helpful advices and for being there when I needed them. This journey may not be the same without them.

But, the most important people are my family. I thank my whole family for their unconditional support. It is because of them that I become a better person.

**SWISS GERMAN UNIVERSITY**

## Contents

<b>STATEMENT BY THE AUTHOR</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>ABSTRACT</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>DEDICATION</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>TABLE OF CONTENTS</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>LIST OF FIGURES</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>LIST OF TABLES</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>1 INTRODUCTION</b>	<b>13</b>
1.1 Research Background . . . . .	13
1.2 Research Problem . . . . .	15
1.3 Research Objectives . . . . .	15
1.4 Research Questions . . . . .	15
1.5 Significance of Study . . . . .	15
1.6 Research Scope . . . . .	16
1.7 Research Limitation . . . . .	16
1.8 Hypothesis . . . . .	16
1.9 Document Structure . . . . .	16
<b>2 LITERATURE REVIEW</b>	<b>18</b>
2.1 Internet Security . . . . .	18
2.2 Cyber Deception . . . . .	19
2.3 Honeypots . . . . .	20
2.3.1 High-interaction Honeypots . . . . .	22
2.3.2 Low-interaction Honeypots . . . . .	22
2.3.2.1 HoneyD . . . . .	23
2.3.2.2 Dionaea . . . . .	23
2.3.2.3 Kippo . . . . .	23
2.3.2.4 Glastopf . . . . .	23
2.3.3 Deception using Honeypot . . . . .	24

2.4	Counter Deception . . . . .	25
2.5	Fingerprinting . . . . .	27
2.5.1	Active Fingerprinting . . . . .	27
2.5.2	Passive Fingerprint . . . . .	27
2.5.3	Fingerprinting Tools . . . . .	28
2.6	Threat Modeling . . . . .	29
2.7	Related Works . . . . .	30
<b>3</b>	<b>RESEARCH METHODOLOGY</b>	<b>33</b>
3.1	Methodology Overview . . . . .	33
3.2	Research Framework . . . . .	34
3.2.1	Threat Modeling Process . . . . .	35
3.2.2	Fingerprinting Methodology . . . . .	36
3.3	Design and Experiment . . . . .	37
3.4	Expert Review . . . . .	38
<b>4</b>	<b>EXPERIMENT RESULTS</b>	<b>39</b>
4.1	Experiment Setup . . . . .	39
4.2	Experiment Scenario . . . . .	39
4.3	Threat Modeling . . . . .	40
4.3.1	Honeypot Threat Analysis . . . . .	41
4.4	Attacks Demonstration . . . . .	41
4.4.1	General Honeypots . . . . .	41
4.4.1.1	Layer 2 . . . . .	42
4.4.1.1.1	Suspicious Environment . . . . .	42
4.4.1.2	Layer 4 . . . . .	43
4.4.1.2.1	Suspicious open ports . . . . .	43
4.4.2	HoneyD . . . . .	44
4.4.2.1	Layer 7 . . . . .	44
4.4.2.1.1	HoneyD IIS Directory Traversal Exploit . . . . .	44
4.4.2.1.2	HoneyD HTTP Service . . . . .	44
4.4.3	Dionaea . . . . .	46
4.4.3.1	Layer 7 . . . . .	46
4.4.3.1.1	Dionaea Configuration Services . . . . .	46
4.4.4	Kippo . . . . .	47
4.4.4.1	Layer 7 . . . . .	47
4.4.4.1.1	Kippo Regex Ping Problem . . . . .	47
4.4.5	Glastopf . . . . .	48

4.4.5.1	Layer 7 . . . . .	48
4.4.5.1.1	Glastopf LFI Fingerprinting . . . . .	48
4.4.6	Honeypot Fingerprint Overview . . . . .	48
4.5	Possible Enhancements . . . . .	49
4.5.1	General Honeypots . . . . .	49
4.5.1.1	Layer 4 . . . . .	49
4.5.1.1.1	Suspicious open ports Enhancement . . . . .	49
4.5.1.2	HoneyD . . . . .	49
4.5.2.1	Layer 7 . . . . .	52
4.5.2.1.1	HoneyD IIS Exploit Enhancement . . . . .	52
4.5.2.1.2	HoneyD HTTP Service Enhancement . . . . .	52
4.5.3	Dionaea . . . . .	53
4.5.3.1	Layer 7 . . . . .	53
4.5.3.1.1	Dionaea FTP Fix . . . . .	53
4.5.3.1.2	Dionaea SMBD Fix . . . . .	55
4.5.3.1.3	Dionaea MS-SQL Fix . . . . .	56
4.5.4	Kippo . . . . .	57
4.5.4.1	Layer 7 . . . . .	57
4.5.4.1.1	Kippo Regex Ping Enhancement . . . . .	57
4.5.5	Glastopf . . . . .	57
4.5.5.1	Layer 7 . . . . .	57
4.5.5.1.1	Glastopf LFI Fingerprinting Enhancement . . . . .	57
4.6	Verification . . . . .	58
4.6.1	General Honeypots . . . . .	58
4.6.1.1	Layer 4 . . . . .	58
4.6.1.1.1	Suspicious Open Ports Verification . . . . .	58
4.6.2	HoneyD . . . . .	59
4.6.2.1	Layer 7 . . . . .	59
4.6.2.1.1	HoneyD ISS Exploit Validation . . . . .	59
4.6.2.1.2	HoneyD HTTP Service Validation . . . . .	59
4.6.3	Dionaea . . . . .	61
4.6.3.1	Layer 7 . . . . .	61
4.6.3.1.1	Dionaea Fixes Overview . . . . .	61
4.6.4	Kippo . . . . .	62
4.6.4.1	Layer 7 . . . . .	62
4.6.4.1.1	Kippo Regex Ping Verification . . . . .	62
4.6.5	Glastopf . . . . .	63

4.6.5.1	Layer 7 . . . . .	63
4.6.5.1.1	Glastopf LFI Fixes . . . . .	63
4.6.6	Honeypot Fixes Overview . . . . .	64
4.7	Expert Review . . . . .	64
4.8	Expert Review Results . . . . .	65
4.8.1	#1 Expert Analysis . . . . .	65
4.8.1.1	#1 Expert Discussion . . . . .	66
4.8.2	#2 Expert Analysis . . . . .	66
4.8.2.1	#2 Expert Discussion . . . . .	67
4.8.3	Expert Review Analysis . . . . .	67
4.8.4	Expert Review Conclusion . . . . .	69
<b>5</b>	<b>CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK</b>	<b>70</b>
5.1	Conclusions . . . . .	70
5.2	Recommendation . . . . .	70
5.3	Future Work . . . . .	71
<b>GLOSSARY</b>		<b>72</b>
<b>REFERENCES</b>		<b>76</b>
<b>APPENDICES</b>		<b>76</b>
<b>A</b>		<b>77</b>
A.1	HoneyD Full Comparison Table . . . . .	77
<b>B</b>		<b>79</b>
B.1	#1 Expert Review . . . . .	79
<b>C</b>		<b>81</b>
C.1	#1 Expert Review . . . . .	81
C.1.1	Analisa 66.96.252.39 . . . . .	81
C.1.2	Analisa 66.96.252.46 . . . . .	82
<b>PAPER</b>		<b>88</b>
<b>CURRICULUM VITAE</b>		<b>94</b>